

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

PHYSICAL EDUCATION 9396/32

Paper 3 October/November 2021

2 hours 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

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[Turn over

# Answer all questions.

## Section A: Exercise and sport physiology

1	(a)	(i)	Define each of the following:	
			<ul><li>energy</li><li>power.</li></ul>	[2]
		(ii)	State a unit for each of the following:	
			<ul><li>energy</li><li>power.</li></ul>	[2]
				[2]
	(b)	Des	scribe the alactacid debt component of the recovery process.	[5]
	(c)	Exp	plain how <b>two</b> named factors affect strength.	[4]
	(d)	(i)	Outline a ballistic-stretching training session to improve flexibility.	[3]
		(ii)	Evaluate the effectiveness of using ballistic exercises to improve flexibility.	[3]
		(iii)	Describe <b>two</b> physiological adaptations that may take place after flexibility training.	[2]
	(e)	Ide	ntify a different recognised test to evaluate each of the following components of fitness	s:
			<ul><li>coordination</li><li>reaction time</li><li>speed.</li></ul>	
			opood.	[3]
	(f)		aluate both food intake and fluid intake during exercise as methods to enha formance.	nce [6]

[Total: 30]

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### Section B: Psychology of sport performance

- 2 (a) Describe the social learning perspective of personality development. [3]
  - (b) Explain how a negative attitude can be changed to a positive attitude using persuasive communication. [4]
  - (c) The quality of a team's performance may be negatively affected by a loss of motivation and a loss of coordination.
    - Describe, using sporting examples, possible causes of a loss of coordination in a team. [5]
  - (d) Explain Easterbrook's cue-utilisation theory and its links with arousal. [4]
  - (e) Describe the possible effects of an audience on performance in sport. [6]
  - (f) Define the terms aggression and assertion. Give a sporting example of each. [4]
  - **(g)** The reasons given for success or failure in sport can affect the confidence and motivation of a performer.

Explain, using examples from Weiner's model, how a coach should use attributional retraining.

[4]

[Total: 30]

### Section C: Olympic Games: a global perspective

3 (a) The Olympic Games have been described as a supreme mental and physical challenge.

Explain what is meant by a supreme mental and physical challenge.

[3]

(b) Outline the format of the ancient Olympic Games.

[4]

(c) Describe the structure of the International Olympic Committee (IOC).

[3]

- (d) The 1936 Olympic Games were held in Berlin.
  - (i) Explain how Hitler attempted to use this Olympic Games to promote his political ideology.

[3

(ii) Describe the significance of Jesse Owens at the 1936 Olympics.

[4]

- (e) Suggest the potential negative consequences of living in a city that is chosen to host the Olympic Games. [3]
- (f) Explain why the 1988 Seoul Olympic Games have been associated with dysfunctional aspects of behaviour. [3]
- (g) Outline spectacular aspects of the Olympic Games.

[3]

(h) Suggest reasons why participation by working-class athletes at the early modern Olympic Games was restricted. [4]

[Total: 30]

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